



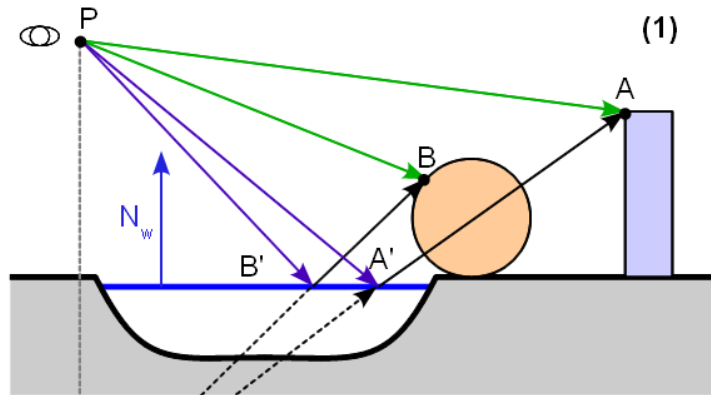
Real-Time Water Surface Rendering

Computer Graphics Seminar
Maarja Lepamets
October 9th, 2014

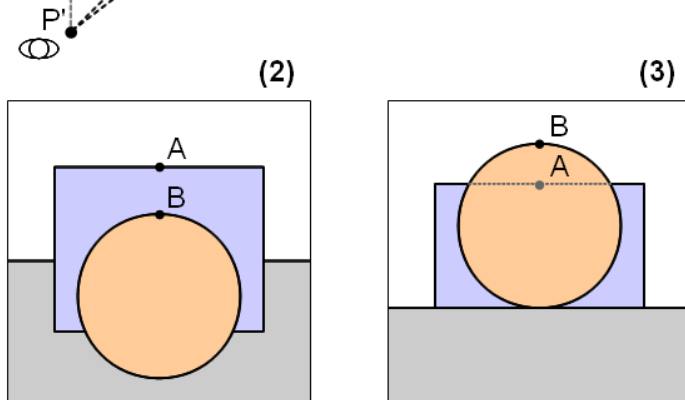
Physical properties of water

- Reflection and refraction (incl. caustics)
- Light attenuation
- Transparency/opacity
- Surface tension
- Ripples and waves
- Sprinkles and foam

Reflection



A diagram of reflection



The original image

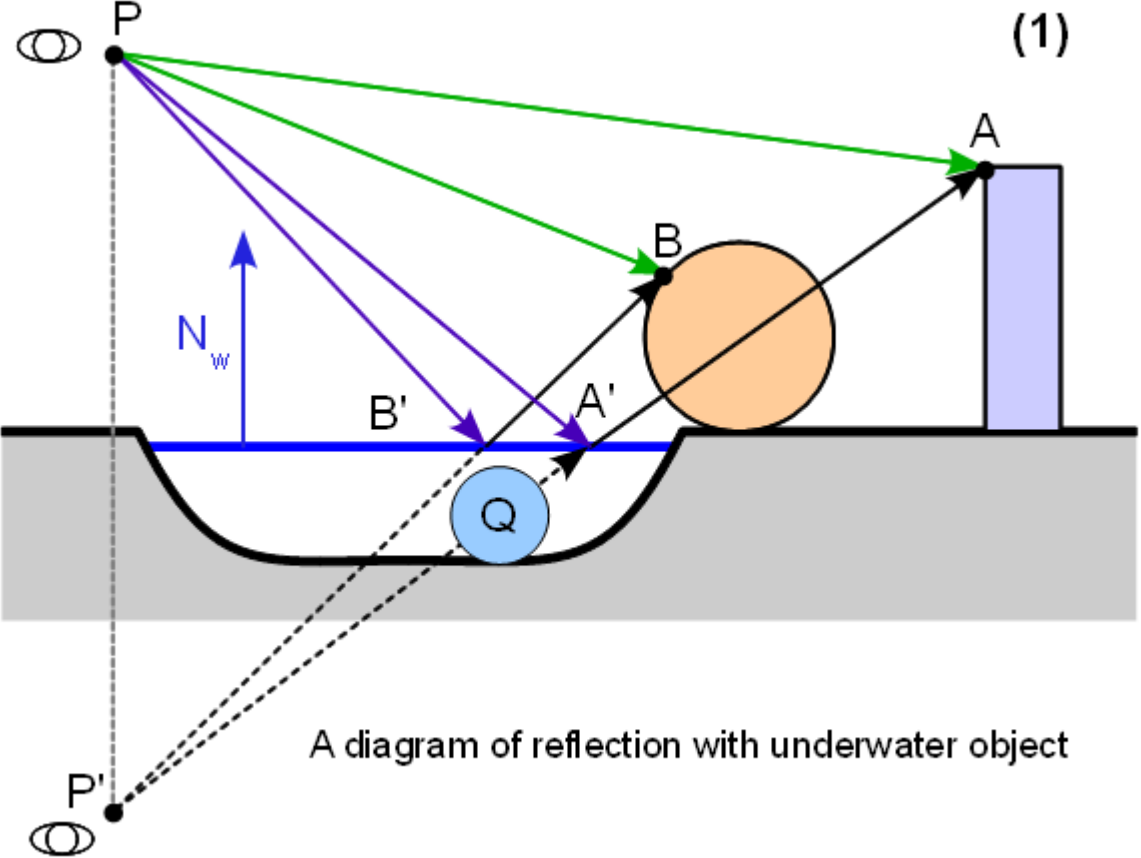
Reflected image

$$M'_{camera} = M_{reflection} * M_{camera}$$

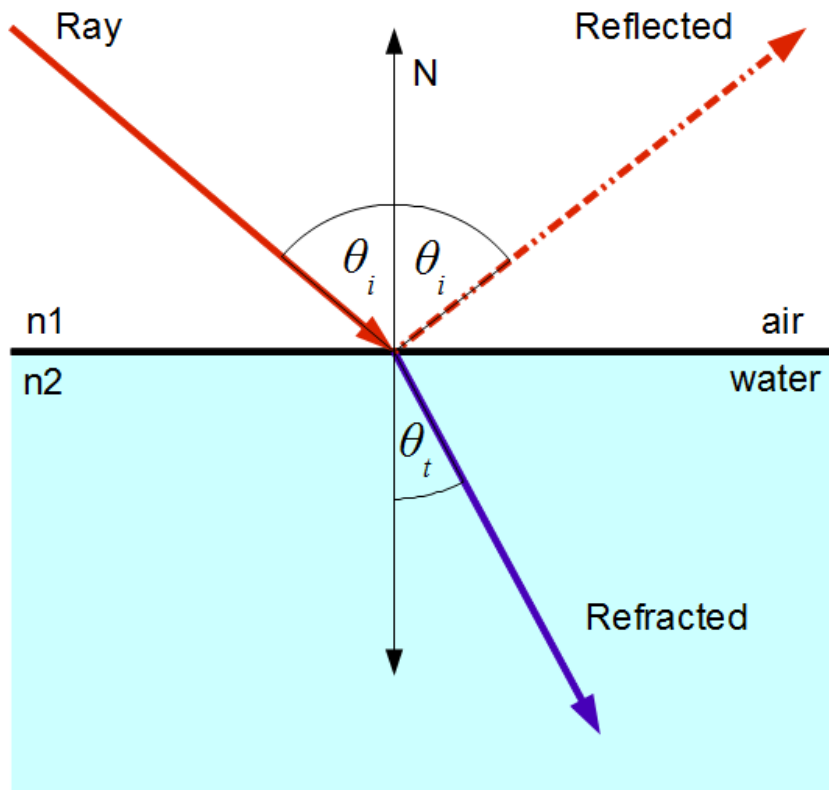
$$N_x x + N_y y + N_z z + D = 0$$

$$M_{reflection} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 - 2N_x^2 & -2N_x N_y & -2N_x N_z & -2N_x D \\ -2N_x N_y & 1 - 2N_y^2 & -2N_y N_z & -2N_y D \\ -2N_x N_z & -2N_y N_z & 1 - 2N_z^2 & -2N_z D \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Underwater clipping



Reflection and viewing angle

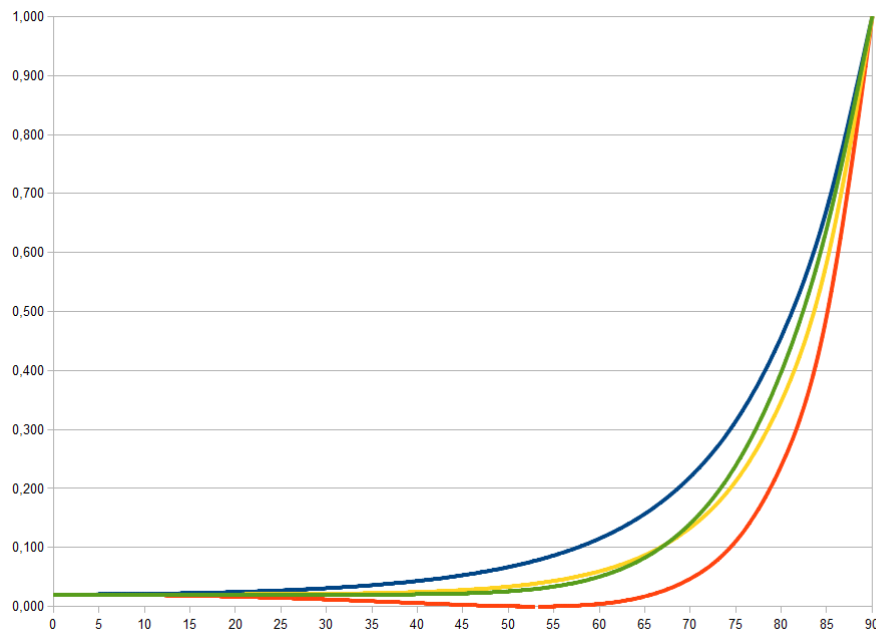


Fresnel equations:

$$R_s = \left(\frac{n_1 \cos \theta_i - n_2 \cos \theta_t}{n_1 \cos \theta_i + n_2 \cos \theta_t} \right)^2 = \left[\frac{n_1 \cos \theta_i - n_2 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{n_1}{n_2} \sin \theta_i \right)^2}}{n_1 \cos \theta_i + n_2 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{n_1}{n_2} \sin \theta_i \right)^2}} \right]^2$$

$$R_p = \left(\frac{n_1 \cos \theta_t - n_2 \cos \theta_i}{n_1 \cos \theta_t + n_2 \cos \theta_i} \right)^2 = \left[\frac{n_1 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{n_1}{n_2} \sin \theta_i \right)^2} - n_2 \cos \theta_i}{n_1 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{n_1}{n_2} \sin \theta_i \right)^2} + n_2 \cos \theta_i} \right]^2$$

Reflection and viewing angle



Fresnel equations:

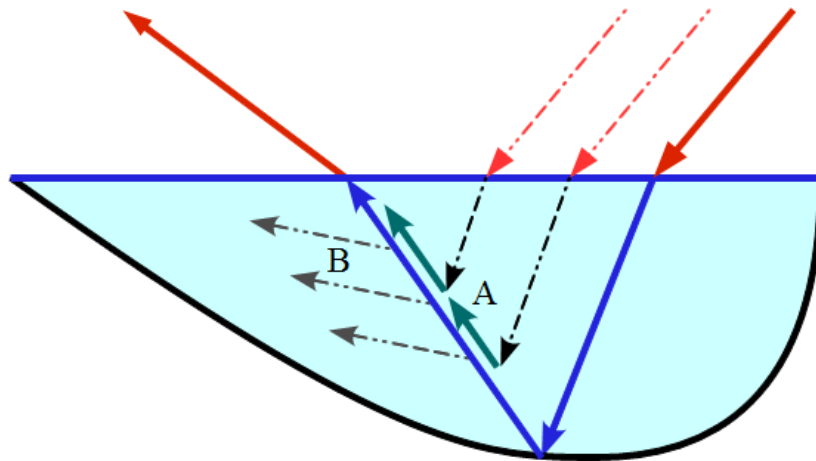
$$R_s = \left(\frac{n_1 \cos \theta_i - n_2 \cos \theta_t}{n_1 \cos \theta_i + n_2 \cos \theta_t} \right)^2 = \left[\frac{n_1 \cos \theta_i - n_2 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{n_1}{n_2} \sin \theta_i \right)^2}}{n_1 \cos \theta_i + n_2 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{n_1}{n_2} \sin \theta_i \right)^2}} \right]^2$$

$$R_p = \left(\frac{n_1 \cos \theta_t - n_2 \cos \theta_i}{n_1 \cos \theta_t + n_2 \cos \theta_i} \right)^2 = \left[\frac{n_1 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{n_1}{n_2} \sin \theta_i \right)^2} - n_2 \cos \theta_i}{n_1 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{n_1}{n_2} \sin \theta_i \right)^2} + n_2 \cos \theta_i} \right]^2$$

$$R = (R_s + R_p)/2$$

$$R = R_{min} + (1 - R_{min}) * (1 - \cos \theta_i)^5$$

Light scattering

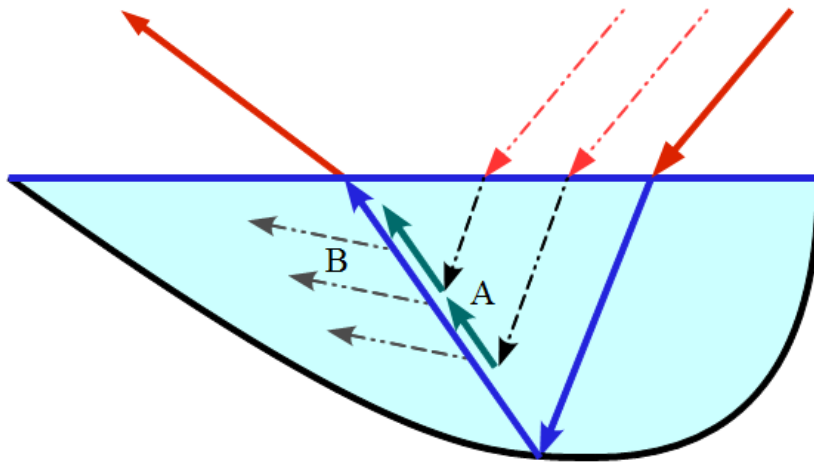


A – in-scattering
B – out-scattering

Rayleigh scattering:

$$I = I_0 \frac{1 + \cos^2 \theta}{2R^2} \left(\frac{2\pi}{\lambda}\right)^4 \left(\frac{n^2 - 1}{n^2 + 2}\right)^2 \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^6$$

Light scattering

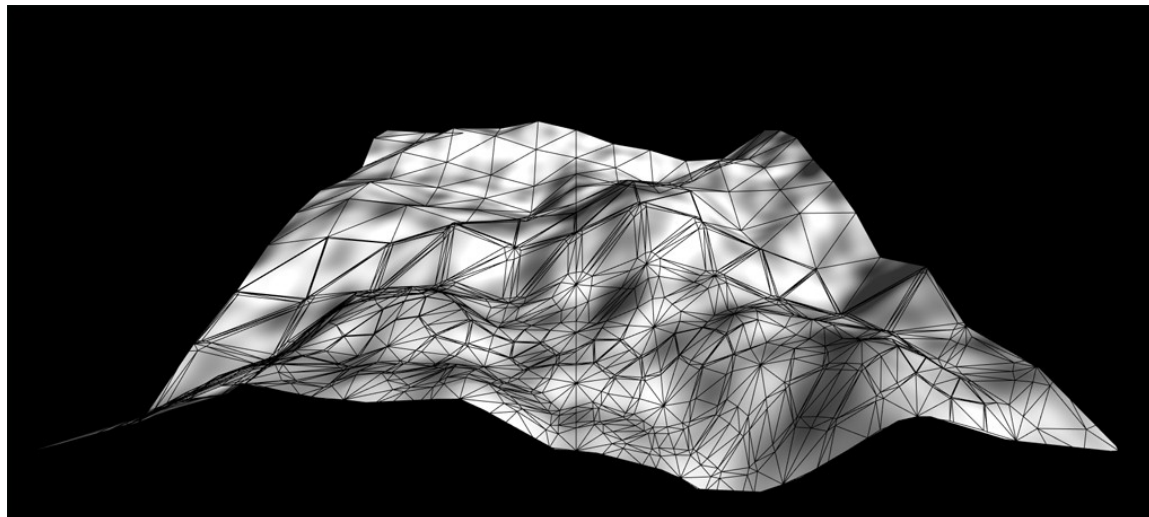


A – in-scattering
B – out-scattering

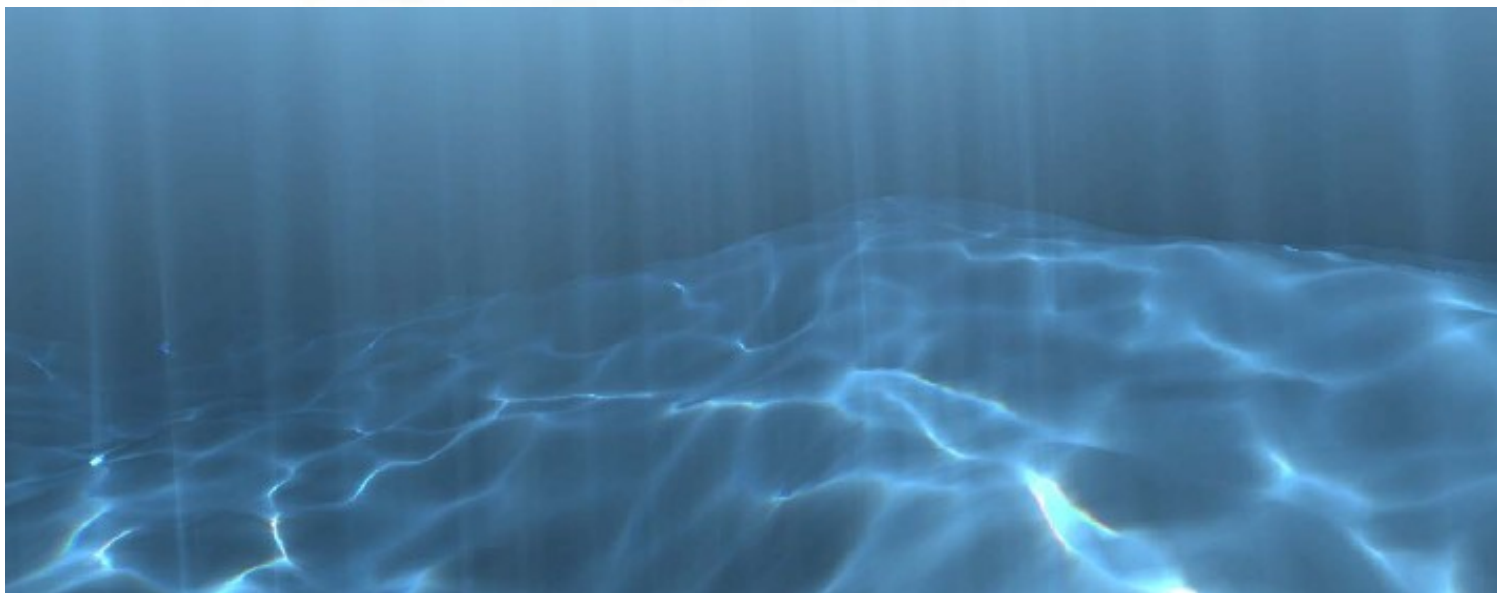
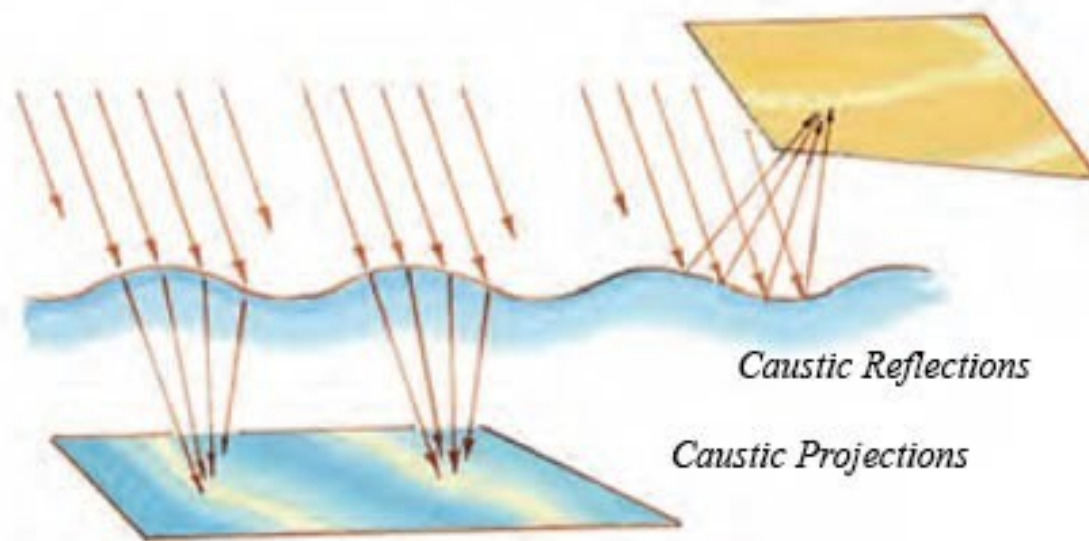
$$C_{tint} = C_{water} * (O_{min} + (1 - O_{min}) * \sqrt{\min(thickness / D_{opaque}, 1)})$$

Ripples and waves

- Sum of simple sine waves
- Two methods:
 - Displacing vertices
 - Manipulating normals
- Adaptive tessellation



Caustics



Thank you for your attention!